



JOHNS HOPKINS  
BLOOMBERG  
SCHOOL of PUBLIC HEALTH

*Center for Teaching and  
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## **Martha N. Hill**

**Dean, The Johns Hopkins University School of Nursing**

Martha Hill, a Johns Hopkins faculty member since 1980, became dean of the Johns Hopkins University School of Nursing in July 2002 after a year as interim dean.

Hill was one of the first four faculty members to join Dean Carol Gray when the School of Nursing was established as an independent division of the university in 1985. Previously, nursing education at Hopkins had occurred within another university school or in a hospital-based school.

Hill is internationally known for developing and testing strategies to improve hypertension care and control among urban, underserved African-Americans, particularly young men. She is a fellow of the American Academy of Nursing and a member of the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences. She was co-vice chair of an institute committee that developed a report titled "Unequal Treatment: Confronting Ethnic and Racial Disparities in Health Care." In 1997-98, she was the first non-physician to serve as president of the American Heart Association.

At Johns Hopkins, she became director of the Center for Nursing Research in 1994. She has served as a member and chair of the university-wide Committee for the 21st Century and as co-chair of the Urban Health Council, a joint Hopkins-community committee whose work led to the establishment of the Johns Hopkins Urban Health Institute. She holds joint faculty appointments in both the School of Medicine and the Bloomberg School of Public Health.

Hill earned a diploma from the Johns Hopkins Hospital School of Nursing in 1964 and graduated with a bachelor's degree in 1966 from what is now the School of Professional Studies in Business and Education. She earned a master's in nursing from the University of Pennsylvania in 1977 and a doctorate in behavioral sciences in 1986 from what is now the Bloomberg School of Public Health.

**Edward D. Miller, M.D.**  
**Dean of the Medical Faculty,**  
**The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine**  
**Chief Executive Officer, Johns Hopkins Medicine**

Edward Miller was named chief executive officer of Johns Hopkins Medicine, the 13th dean of the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine and vice president for medicine of The Johns Hopkins University in January 1997. His appointment followed a yearlong national search for the first CEO of Johns Hopkins Medicine, a new organization which formally integrates operations and planning of the School of Medicine with The Johns Hopkins Health System and Hospital to ensure their continued preeminence in education, discovery and patient care.

Under his aegis, both The Johns Hopkins Hospital and the School of Medicine consistently are ranked among the very best in the nation by *U.S. News & World Report*, and the school continues to rank at the top in NIH research funding. Johns Hopkins Medicine's expansion in the past decade ranged from Maryland to Singapore. Currently, Miller is implementing a master plan to replace aging facilities on the East Baltimore medical campus and is cooperating with the city and state on development of a life sciences park adjacent to the campus. To ensure that Johns Hopkins Medicine plays a leadership role in protecting patients, Miller has established the Center for Innovation in Quality Patient Care.

An anesthesiologist who has authored or co-authored more than 150 scientific papers, abstracts and book chapters, Miller joined Johns Hopkins in 1994 as professor and director of the Department of Anesthesiology and Critical Care Medicine. He was named interim dean in 1996. He came to Johns Hopkins after eight years at Columbia University in New York, where he served as professor and chairman of the Department of Anesthesiology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Prior to that, he spent 11 years at the University of Virginia.

Miller's research has focused on the cardiovascular effects of anesthetic drugs and vascular smooth muscle relaxation. He has served as president of the Association of University Anesthesiologists, editor of *Anesthesia and Analgesia*, and editor of *Critical Care Medicine*. He served on the board of the International Anesthesia Research Society and was chairman of the FDA's Advisory Committee on Anesthesia and Life Support Drugs.

Miller is a member of the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences and is a fellow of the Royal College of Physicians and of the Royal College of Anaesthetists. He is also a member of Maryland's Health Care Access and Cost Commission and is on the boards of the Greater Baltimore Committee and the Mercantile Safe Deposit and Trust Fund.

Born in February 1943 in Rochester, N.Y., Miller received his A.B. from Ohio Wesleyan University and his M.D. from the University of Rochester School of Medicine and Dentistry. He was a surgical intern at University Hospital in Boston, chief resident in anesthesiology at Peter Bent Brigham Hospital in Boston, and a research fellow in physiology at Harvard Medical School. He and his wife, Lynne, have four adult children.

**Michael J. Klag**  
**Dean, Bloomberg School of Public Health**  
**The Johns Hopkins University**

Michael J. Klag, an internationally known expert on the epidemiology and prevention of cardiovascular and kidney disease and a Johns Hopkins faculty member since 1987, became dean of the university's Bloomberg School of Public Health on Sept. 1, 2005.

Klag previously served as the David M. Levine Professor of Medicine in the university's School of Medicine, with joint appointments in the Bloomberg School's Department of Epidemiology and Department of Health Policy and Management. He also was vice dean for clinical investigation in the School of Medicine. In that position, created in 2001, he was responsible for oversight of research involving human volunteers. He undertook a widely praised restructuring of the school's policies and procedures governing research involving human volunteers.

Klag is a 1974 graduate of Juniata College and earned his medical degree from the University of Pennsylvania in 1978. After completing residency and chief residency in internal medicine at the State University of New York Upstate Medical Center, he served in the U.S. Public Health Service. In 1984, he came to Johns Hopkins as a general internal medicine fellow and earned a master of public health degree in 1987 from what was then known as the Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health.

He was a founding member and interim director of the university's Welch Center for Prevention, Epidemiology and Clinical Research; director of the Division of General Internal Medicine in the School of Medicine; and, in 2000-2001, interim physician-in-chief of The Johns Hopkins Hospital and interim director of the Department of Medicine in the School of Medicine. He has published more than 120 peer-reviewed articles and is a fellow of the American College of Physicians. In 1998, he was editor-in-chief of The Johns Hopkins Family Health Book.

Klag's research has centered on the prevention, epidemiology and treatment of hypertension and kidney disease. Beginning in 1988, he directed the Johns Hopkins Precursors Study, a prospective study of Johns Hopkins medical students that began in 1946 and continues to follow participants. This study has made seminal contributions to our understanding of how characteristics in young adulthood influence health and disease later in life.

Klag also has led pioneering studies in kidney disease epidemiology, including the first study to assess the incidence of end-stage renal disease and to identify blood pressure as a risk factor for the development of kidney failure. His work has laid the foundation for numerous subsequent studies.